The Impacts of Trade Liberalization on Wage

Inequalities and Economic Growth: The Role of

Primary and Higher Education

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Abstract

This study analyzes the impacts of trade liberalization on economic growth and wage

inequalities using a Schumpeterian quality-ladder model that considers the role of primary

and higher education. Primary education prepares middle-skilled production workers,

while higher education prepares knowledge workers that engage in R&D activities. The

analysis shows that trade liberalization promotes both primary and higher education by

increasing the wage inequality between production and knowledge workers, as well as

among (low-skilled and middle-skilled) production workers. Consequently, the higher

supply of knowledge workers stimulates R&D activities, leading to economic growth

acceleration.

Keywords: trade liberalization, education, wage inequalities, economic growth

JEL classification: F12, F43, I24, O31

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